General Direction: Use black or blue ballpen. Show neat and complete solution to obtain full points.

I. Do as indicated.

1. Let
$$\vec{R}(t) = \left\langle \frac{1 - \cos 3t}{t}, t \ln t, \frac{t - \sin t}{e^t - 1} \right\rangle$$
. Evaluate $\lim_{t \to 0^+} \vec{R}(t)$. 3 points

- 2. Consider the curve $C: x = 1 + \cos t, y = \sin^2 t$.
 - a. Determine the curvature and radius of curvature of C at $t = \frac{\pi}{2}$. 4 points (**HINT:** Take the third component to be zero.)
 - b. Find the cartesian equation of the curve C.
- 3. Let $\vec{R}(t) = e^t \cos t\hat{i} + e^t \sin t\hat{j} + \sqrt{2}e^t\hat{k}$. Find the arclength parametrization of \vec{R} given the initial point at $t = \ln 3$. 4 points
- 4. The velocity function of a moving particle is given as $\vec{V} = \langle e^t, e^{-t}, \frac{1}{2} \rangle$. Assume that the particle is initially at the origin.
 - a. Find the position and acceleration at any time t.
 - b. Determine the moving trihedral of the vector-valued function $\vec{R}(t)$ at $t = \ln 2$. 5 points
 - c. The osculating plane of the Frenet frame is produced by the unit normal and unit tangent vectors. Find the equation of the normal plane at $t = \ln 2$.
 - d. Find the scalar tangential and normal component of acceleration, and vector tangential and normal componenet of acceleration. 4 points

MORE AT THE BACK

Mathematics 54

General Direction: Use black or blue ballpen. Show neat and complete solution to obtain full points.

I. Do as indicated.

1. Let
$$\vec{R}(t) = \left\langle \frac{1 - \cos 3t}{t}, t \ln t, \frac{t - \sin t}{e^t - 1} \right\rangle$$
. Evaluate $\lim_{t \to 0^+} \vec{R}(t)$. 3 points

- 2. Consider the curve $C: x = 1 + \cos t, y = \sin^2 t$.
 - a. Determine the *curvature* and *radius of curvature* of C at $t = \frac{\pi}{2}$. 4 points (**HINT:** Take the third component to be zero.)
 - b. Find the cartesian equation of the curve C.
- 3. Let $\vec{R}(t) = e^t \cos t\hat{i} + e^t \sin t\hat{j} + \sqrt{2}e^t\hat{k}$. Find the arclength parametrization of \vec{R} given the initial point at $t = \ln 3$. 4 points
- 4. The velocity function of a moving particle is given as $\vec{V} = \langle e^t, e^{-t}, \frac{1}{2} \rangle$. Assume that the particle is initially at the origin.
 - a. Find the position and acceleration at any time t.
 - b. Determine the moving trihedral of the vector-valued function $\vec{R}(t)$ at $t = \ln 2$.
 - c. The osculating plane of the Frenet frame is produced by the unit normal and unit tangent vectors. Find the equation of the normal plane at $t = \ln 2$. 1 point
 - d. Find the scalar tangential and normal component of acceleration, and vector tangential and normal componenet of acceleration. 4 points

5 points

- 3 points

1 point

1 point

3 points

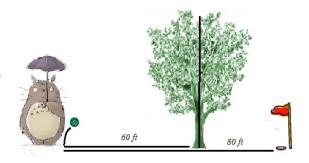
1 point

- 5. A tree 8ft tall, stands directly between the pin and the golf ball which is 80ft from the pin. The tree is 60ft from the ball. A golfer hits the ball with speed of 48ft/s at an angle of $\theta = \frac{\pi}{4}$.
 - a. Find the position function of the ball.
 - b. Show that the golf ball didn't hit the tree.
 - c. At what time did the ball reach the ground?
 - d. After landing, how many feet is the ball away from the pin?
 - 60 ft so ft

END OF EXAM TOTAL: 35 POINTS

"Before you met me, I was a wreck; but things were kinda heavy, you brought me to life." - Katy Perry (Teenage Dreams)

- 5. A tree 8ft tall, stands directly between the pin and the golf ball which is 80ft from the pin. The tree is 60ft from the ball. A golfer hits the ball with speed of 48ft/s at an angle of $\theta = \frac{\pi}{4}$.
 - a. Find the position function of the ball.3 pointsb. Show that the golf ball didn't hit the tree.3 pointsc. At what time did the ball reach the ground?2 pointsd. After landing, how many feet is the ball away from the pin?2 points



END OF EXAM TOTAL: 35 POINTS

"Before you met me, I was a wreck; but things were kinda heavy, you brought me to life." - Katy Perry (Teenage Dreams)

- 3 points
- 2 points

2 points