



I. Write TRUE if the statement is correct, and write FALSE otherwise. 1 point each

1. The graph of  $y = \tan^{-1} x$  does not intersect the line  $y = \frac{\pi}{2}$ .
2. The equation  $\sin x \cos x = 1$  has a solution in  $\mathbb{R}$ .
3. If  $y \in [0, 1]$ , then  $0 \leq \text{Arcsin } y \leq \frac{\pi}{2}$ .
4. There exists a triangle whose interior angles are all less than  $60^\circ$ .
5. If  $\omega \in \mathbb{C} \setminus \{1\}$  and  $\omega$  is a cube root of one, then  $1 + \omega + \omega^2 = 0$ .

II.

1. Evaluate:  $\tan\left(\text{Arc cos}\left(-\frac{12}{13}\right) + \text{Arc sin}\left(\frac{3}{5}\right)\right)$ . 4 points

2. Given:  $z_1 = 3cis65^\circ$ ,  $z_2 = \sqrt{2} + \sqrt{2}i$  and  $z_3 = 2cis210^\circ$ . Find:

(a) the imaginary part of  $z_2 + z_3$ . 3 points

(b)  $\frac{(z_1)^3 \cdot z_2}{z_3}$  (Express your answer in rectangular form.) 4 points

III.

1. Solve for all  $x \in \mathbb{R}$  such that  $\text{Arc cos}(1 - 2x) + \text{Arc tan}(-1) = \text{Arc sin}\left(\sin \frac{11\pi}{12}\right)$ . 4 points

2. Solve for all  $x \in [0, 2\pi)$  such that  $\cos 2x - 4 \cos x = 2 \sin^2 x$ . 5 points

3. Solve for all  $x \in \mathbb{C}$  such that  $z^4 = 8\sqrt{2}(1 - i)$ . Leave your answer in polar form. 5 points

IV. Solve the following problems completely. 5 points each

1. Along a street in a shopping district, Nobita observed that the angle of elevation of a tower is  $30^\circ$ . Walking 40 m towards the tower and stopping at a noodle shop, Nobita finds that the new angle of elevation of the tower is  $60^\circ$ . Find the height of the tower and the distance of the noodle shop from the base of the tower.
2. Find the measures of the interior angles of a triangle with dimensions 6 by 10 by 14. (To simplify your solution, first find the angle opposite the longest side.)