



I. Write TRUE if the statement is always true. Otherwise, write FALSE. 1 point each

1. The trace of the cone $x^2 + y^2 - 4z^2 = 0$ on the xz -plane is a point.
2. The quadric generated by $3x^2 - y^2 - z^2 = 3$ is a hyperboloid of one sheet.
3. The dot product of two unit vectors is 1 or -1.
4. Consider the vector $\vec{V} = \langle x, y, z \rangle$. The sum of the squares of its direction cosines is 1.
5. The intersection of a line and a plane is a point (if any).

II. Do as indicated.

1. Find an equation of the surface generated by revolving about the y -axis the parabola $x = y^2 + 1$ on the xy -plane. Sketch the surface and show the traces. 5 points
2. Determine the equation of the line passing through the center of the sphere $x^2 + y^2 + z^2 + x + y - 2z = 2$ and parallel to the line $L : x = 3 + 2t, y = -2t, z = 3t - 1$. 5 points
3. Consider the planes $\pi_1 : 2x - y - z = 10$ and $\pi_2 : x - 3y + z = 2$.
 - a. Determine a symmetric equation of the line of intersection of π_1 and π_2 . 4 points
 - b. Give the equation of the plane perpendicular to the line of intersection on (a) and containing the point $(1, 1, 1)$. 1 point
4. The plane π contains the point $(0, 0, 0)$ and $(1, 1, -1)$. If π is perpendicular to $\bar{\pi} : -4x + y = 5$, find the equation of π . 5 points
5. Consider the intersecting lines:

$$L_1 : x = 7 - t, \quad y = \frac{1}{2}t, \quad z = -5 + 2t$$

$$L_2 : x = 1 + 2t, \quad y = 3 - t, \quad z = 3$$

- a. Determine the point of intersection of the lines. 3 points
- b. Determine the acute angle formed by L_1 and L_2 . 2 points
6. Let $\vec{A} = \langle 2, 3 \rangle$ and $\vec{B} = \langle -3, 1 \rangle$. Find the vector projection of \vec{A} onto $\vec{A} + \vec{B}$. 3 points
7. Find the distance between the plane $-6x + 6y + 3z = 2$ and the point $(1/3, 1/2, -1)$. 2 points

- END OF EXAM -