

- Let  $f$  be a differentiable function of two variables with  $f(0, 4) = 0$  and  $\nabla f(0, 4) = \langle 2, \sqrt{3} \rangle$ .
  - Find the maximum rate of change of  $f$  at  $(0, 4)$  and the direction in which it occurs. (2 pts)
  - Find the instantaneous rate of change of  $f$  at  $(0, 4)$  in the direction of the vector  $\langle -1, \sqrt{3} \rangle$ . (2 pts)
- Find an equation for the tangent plane to surface  $z = xy + \sin(z)$  at the point  $(\pi, 1, \pi)$ . (3 pts)

- The function  $h$  is continuous on  $\mathbb{R}^2$  with partial derivatives

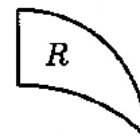
$$h_x(x, y) = x^2 - y \quad \text{and} \quad h_y(x, y) = y - x.$$

- Find the critical points  $(a, b)$  of  $h$ , and determine whether each  $(a, b, h(a, b))$  is a relative maximum point, a relative minimum point, or a saddle point of  $h$ . (6 pts)
- Use the method of Lagrange multipliers to find the lowest point on the curve of intersection of the plane  $4y - x = 5$  and the paraboloid  $z = x^2 + y^2$ . (5 pts)
- Evaluate (4 pts)

$$\int_0^4 \int_{\sqrt{y}}^2 \sqrt{1+x^3} dx dy$$

- Evaluate by polar coordinates the double integral

$$\iint_R \frac{1}{\sqrt{x^2 + y^2}} dA$$



where  $R$  is the region in the first quadrant inside  $x^2 + y^2 = 2y$  and outside  $x^2 + y^2 = 2$ . (5 pts)

- Let  $R$  be the triangular region bounded by  $y = |x|$  and  $y = 1$ , and let  $G(x, y) = x^2 - y^2 + 1$ . Set up the iterated integrals equal to each of the following. (Do not evaluate.)
  - area of  $R$  (2 pts)
  - volume of the solid bounded by the  $xy$  plane, the graph of  $G$ , and the cylinder with rulings parallel to the  $z$  axis whose  $xy$  trace is the boundary of  $R$  (3 pts)
  - surface area of the graph of  $G$  directly above  $R$  (3 pts)